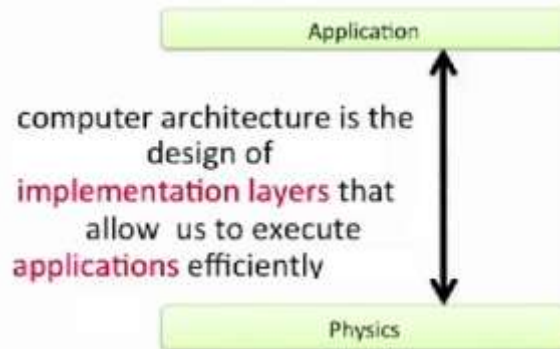
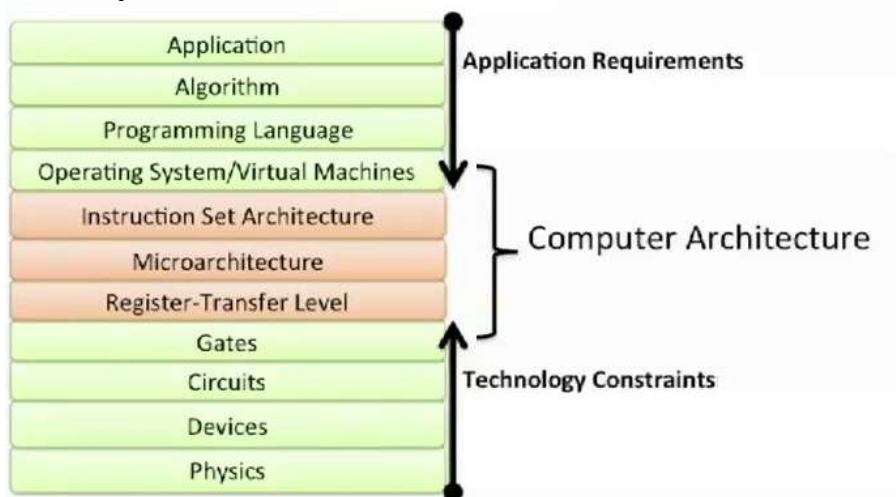




0.6-What is Computer Architecture?



The implementation layers are:



“Architecture”/Instruction Set Architecture:

- Programmer visible state (Memory & Register)
- Operations (Instructions and how they work)
- Execution Semantics (interrupts)
- Input/Output • Data Types/Sizes

Microarchitecture/Organization:

- Tradeoffs on how to implement ISA for metric (Speed, Energy, Cost)

0.7 Computer Organization vs Architecture

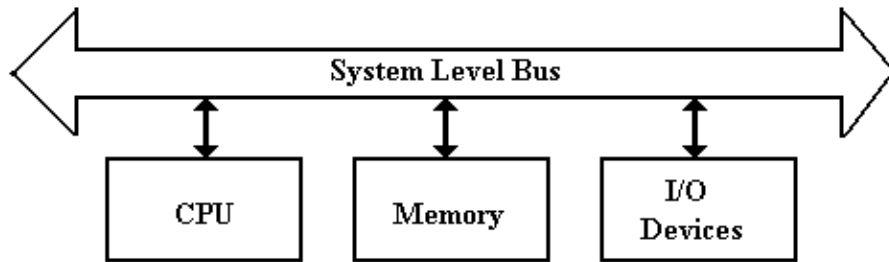
<p>Organization is how features are implemented</p> <p>Control signals, interfaces, memory technology.</p> <p>e.g. Is there a hardware multiply unit or is it done by repeated addition?</p> <p>Organization differs between different versions</p>	<p>Architecture is attributes visible to the programmer</p> <p>Instruction set, number of bits used for data representation, I/O, addressing techniques.</p> <p>e.g. Is there a multiply instruction</p> <p>All Intel x86 family share the same architecture. IBM 370 family share the same architecture. This gives code compatibility 😊</p>
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0.8-Structure vs. Function

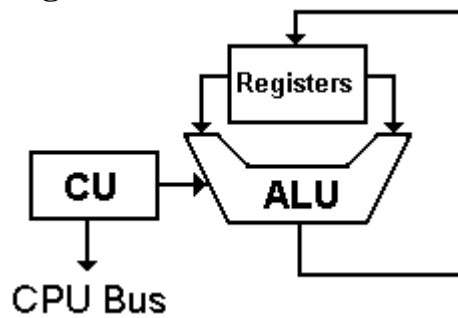
Structure is the way in which components relate to each other.

Function is the operation of individual components as part of the structure

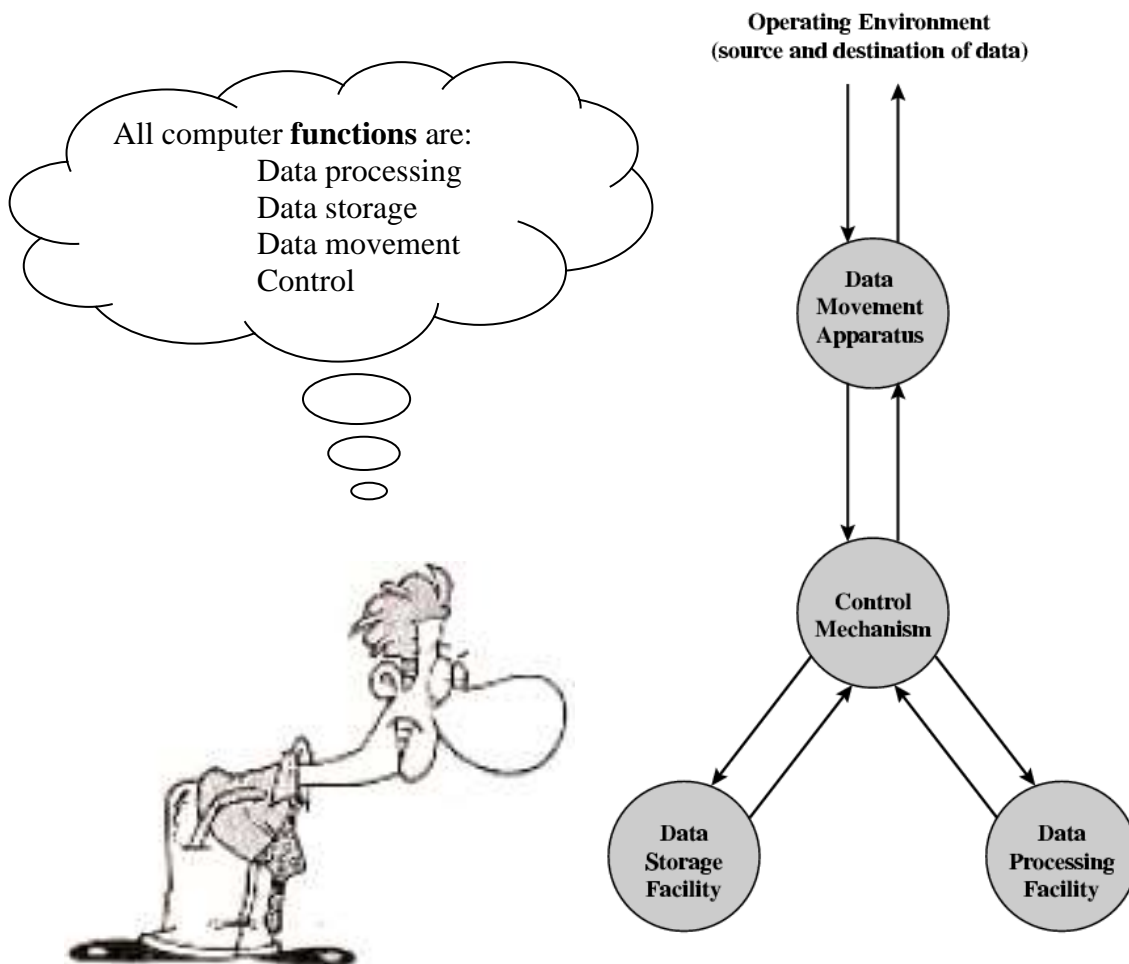
High-Level Structure of a Computer.

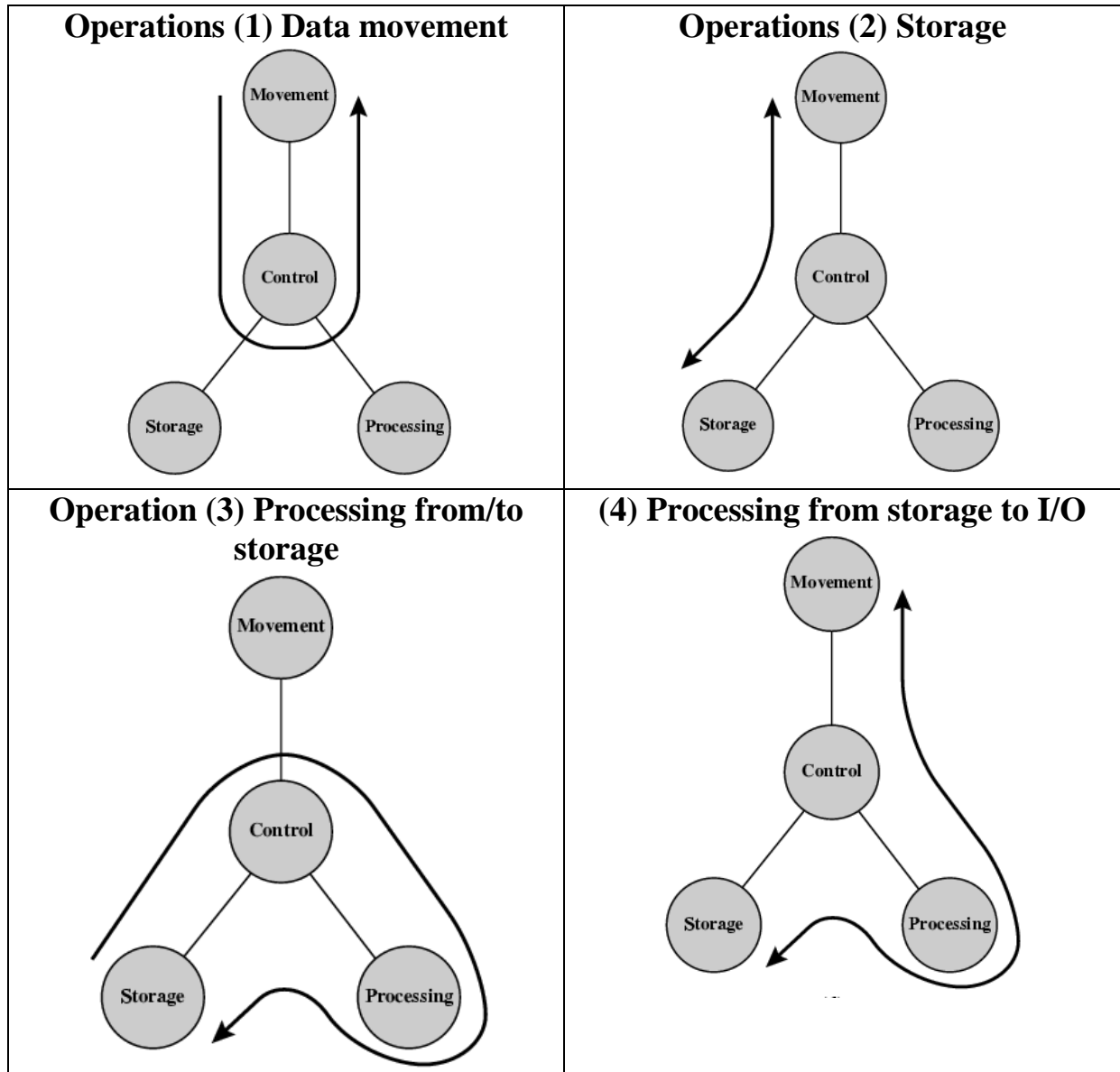


High-Level Structure of CPU



Functional view





0.9 Von Neumann architecture

It is completed in 1952 at Princeton **Institute for Advanced Studies (IAS)** with **Stored Program** concept. ALU operating on **binary data**. Control unit interpreting instructions from memory and executing. Input and output equipment operated by control unit

It has 1000 x 40 bit words

Binary number

2 x 20 bit instructions

Set of registers (storage in CPU)

- Accumulator (**AC**)
- Multiplier Quotient (**MQ**)
- Memory Buffer Register (**MBR**)
- Memory Address Register (**MAR**)
- Instruction Buffer Register (**IBR**)
- Instruction Register (**IR**)
- Program Counter (**PC**)



اصحى صحصح فوق

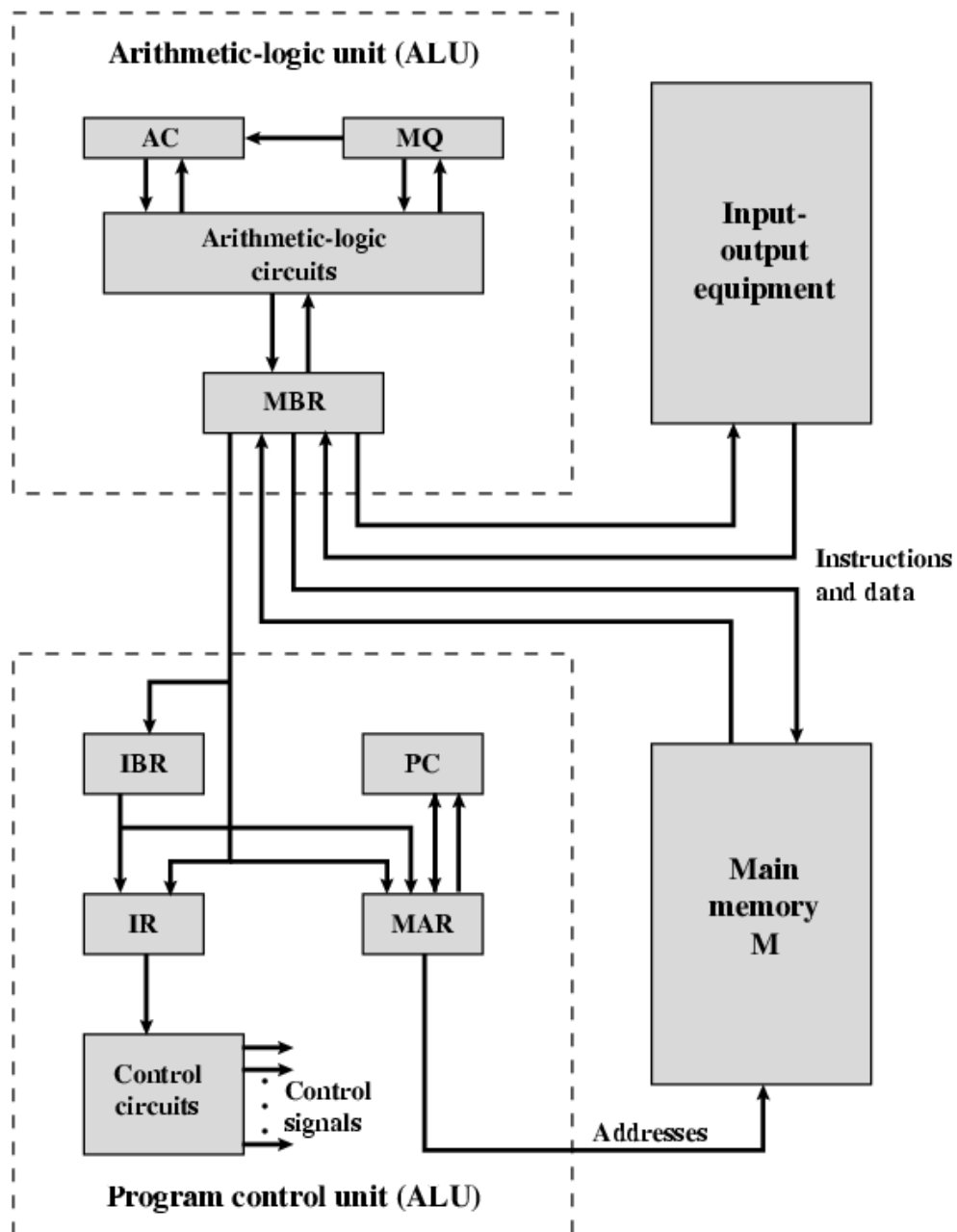
جمع

ضرب

٢ ميموري (بفر و أدرس)

٢ إنستركشن (بفر و بس)

واحد بروجرام



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